

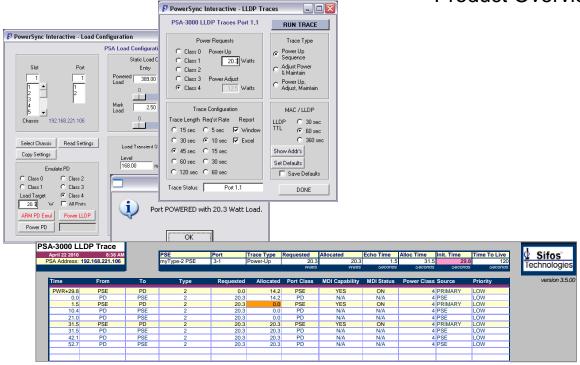
LLDP Emulation & Analysis

for the

PSA-3000 / PSL-3000

IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet

Product Overview



Key Features

- Integrated PoE LLDP and Load Emulation in a Single Instrument
- IEEE 802.3 Clause 33 and Clause 79 Compliance
- Independent, Per-Port LLDP Emulations
- Flexible PD LLDP Modeling and Configuration
- One-Button LLDP Protocol Capture and Analysis
- LLDP Testing with PSA Interactive Graphical User Interface
- Pop-Up Excel Spreadsheet Reports
- Enables 802.3at PSE Conformance Test Suite with LLDP PSE's



Overview

One-Button PoE LLDP Analysis....

Flexibly Emulate PD Class, PD Power, and PD LLDP Messaging....

Rapidly Assess PSE Protocol Value and Timing Issues....

Enable
Comprehensive
802.3at PSE
Conformance
Tests of LLDPCapable PSE's....

With the 802.3at standard, PoE has moved in the direction of bypassing layer 1 PD classification in favor of a MAC (or Link) Layer PD classification that offers very high power distribution granularity and enables dynamic negotiation of power levels between PSE and PD.

The link layer scheme uses a PoE-specific Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP) as specified in the new Clause 79 of IEEE 802.3 with additional protocol rules defined in Clause 33 (IEEE 802.3at). LLDP is a link (point-to-point) MAC protocol historically used to allow switches and routers to automatically "discover" what is around them and to populate and maintain a MIB that can be used for viewing and managing a network topology.

PSA-3000 Family: LLDP Emulation and Analysis

PSA-3000 and PSL-3000 platforms each offer a feature upgrade that enables flexible emulation and analysis for PoE "Plus" LLDP. The upgrade is available in the form of an instrument-specific license code that may be purchased from Sifos Technologies.

LLDP Emulation involves modeling numerous characteristics of a PD as it uses LLDP to request and agree upon power allocations from a PSE. Normally, such transactions are performed immediately after powering the PD, though they may be ongoing with subsequent power adjustments induced by either the PD or the PSE. Characteristics that may be modeled are **PD Power Request**, **PSE Power Allocation** (echo), **periodicity** of packet transmission, **timing** of responses to value changes, LLDP **time-to-live**, and various TLV fields that communicate **device status** and **information**.

LLDP Analysis involves capturing and analyzing bi-directional PoE-specific LLDP packets and associated packet timing during PD power-ups and during ongoing (post power-up) power adjustments.

The PSA-3000 and PSL-3000 platforms support flexible LLDP Emulation and robust LLDP Analysis capabilities that are accessible from both PSA Interactive (GUI) and PowerShell PSA. LLDP power-up emulations to target power requests are performed in a single "button-click" in PSA Interactive or a single command in PowerShell PSA. LLDP Protocol Traces offer fully automated capture, display, and analysis of LLDP protocol sequences between a PSE port and a user-defined PD. Analysis is performed in colorful pop-up Excel spreadsheets that highlight protocol non-conformances or timing defects.

LLDP and the PSE Conformance Test Suite for 802.3at

PSA version 3.5 software adds the new **class_lldp** PSE Conformance Test to the evolving 802.3at Conformance Test suite. This test assesses PSE conformance to LLDP-specific PIC's items in the 802.3at standard.

LLDP emulation will be a common feature of Type-2 (30W) power-ups in many of the tests that require powered ports given that the PSE-undertest utilizes LLDP to perform power "grants" beyond 13 watts. PSA 3.5 software includes all of the underpinnings to enable future PSE Conformance Tests to run with either 2-Event ("PHY") power grants or LLDP power grants.

real Power from Sifos

One-Button LLDP Protocol Traces

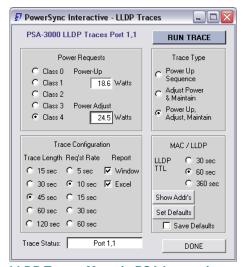
The LLDP Protocol trace is a simple way to describe a PD, then sequence a complete LLDP-negotiated power-up or power change where messsage exchanges are viewed both in real time and in a post-processed pop-up Excel spreadsheet with colorful highlighting of protocol violations, message direction, and timing issues.

LLDP Protocol Traces can be easily accessed from the LLDP Traces control in the PSA Interactive Waveforms & Traces menu or directly from the main menu in PSA Interactive PL. LLDP Protocol traces can also be configured and monitored from PowerShell PSA using a single command.

LLDP Protocol traces on each individual port may be captured while other PSE ports are statically loaded with user selected power levels.

The LLDP Power-Up Trace

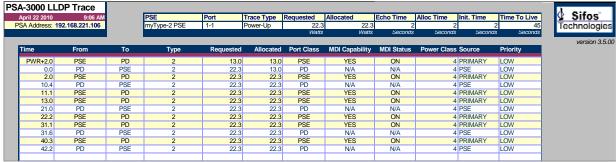
The LLDP Power-Up Trace always starts from a power-down state and emulates the connection, PD classification, and LLDP post-power-up negotiation. Users can specify the **PD Class** signature, the PD **Requested Power** level, the **trace duration**, and the **periodicity** of PD transmitted Power Request packets. During the course of the trace, all packet contents and timing are captured in both directions until the trace completes. Information is displayed in real time and may optionally be routed to a pre-formatted pop-up Excel spreadsheet for protocol value and timing analysis.



LLDP Traces Menu in PSA Interactive

If PD Class is specified to the trace without a PD Request Power, PD Power Requests will be PD Class dependent with values of 8.6W, 3.2W, 6.1W, 11.4W, and 22.2W for PD Classes 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 respectively. If PD Request Power is specified to the trace without PD Class, then PD Class will be automatically selected to match the requested power level (e.g. Class 4 if greater than 13W).

Actual power draw will approximate the PD Requested Power level up to a maximum of 12.8 watts. The trace will never adjust power following the negotiation to the PD Requested Power level because the purpose of the trace is to observe the negotiation that would *precede the PD power adjustment*. Power draw is maintained below 13W for Type-2 (Class 4) PD's so that the PSE will not remove power for an un-negotiated power load.



LLDP 22.3 Watt Power-Up Trace Report

Upon completion of the LLDP Power-Up Trace, power is always removed.

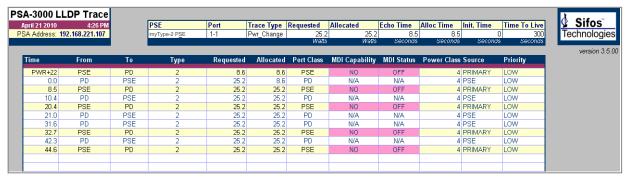
LLDP Power-Change Protocol Trace

The Power-Change Protocol Trace can start from either an power-down state or an already-powered state. This trace tracks the protocol sequencing associated with a PD initiated Power Change Request. These requests can work in either direction – adjusting power up or down.

When starting from a power-down state, the user specifies PD Class and both an initial request power level, then a power change request level (in watts). The power-up will involve a fully emulated LLDP power-up to the Initial Power Request with an actual power load to match the request.

When starting from an already-powered state, the user just specifies the new power request level. In the case of power increases, the actual power draw is increased *after* the completion of the protocol trace. In the case of power reductions, the actual power draw is reduced to the new request level *prior* to executing the protocol trace.

In all cases, the trace begins with the new (or final) power request transmission. During the course of the trace, all packet contents and timing are captured in both directions until the trace completes. Information is displayed in real time and may optionally be routed to a pre-formatted pop-up Excel spreadsheet for protocol value and timing analysis.



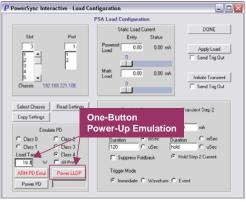
LLDP 8.6 Watt Power-Up Followed By 25.2 Watt Power Change Report

Upon completion of the Power Change Trace, power is always maintained at the newly requested level.

One-Button Emulated LLDP Power-Ups

Emulated LLDP PD Power-Ups become available in PSA Interactive when the LLDP feature is enabled.

In PSA Interactive, this capability is found in the **Load Configuration** menu where a user can specify a **PD Class** and a **Load Target** (in watts), then power up one port at a time emulating both actual power-draw and LLDP



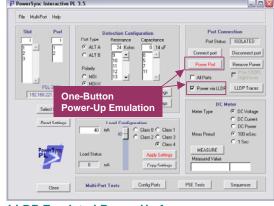
Port POWERED with 18.7 Watt Load.

status notification message box.

LLDP Emulated Power-Up from PSA Interactive Load Configuration

available on the main menu. Users may select a **PD Class**, and the target load will be automatically selected based upon PD classification. The emulated LLDP power up is then effected by selecting the **Power via LLDP** check box and pressing **Power Port**. The **LLDP Traces** (LLDP Power-Change Protocol Trace) can then be used to negotiate and adjust the final loading after the initial LLDP power-up completes.

In PSA Interactive PL, this feature is



LLDP Emulated Power-Up from PSA Interactive PL

emulation. Each emulated LLDP power-up will be followed with a

PSE Conformance Testing with LLDP-Capable PSE's

The PSE Conformance Test Suite for 802.3at is designed to test PSE's using either Type-1 or Type-2 PD Emulation. Type-2 (30 Watt) PSE's should generally be tested with both emulations. When testing Type-2 PSE's that use LLDP to grant high power (> 13W) to PD's, LLDP power-up emulations must be used in any tests that require power-up beyond 15.4 watts at the PSE. The LLDP Emulation and Analysis feature must be enabled in a PowerSync Analyzer that performs this mode of testing.

Additionally, the PSE Conformance Test Suite for 802.3at adds a conformance test directly aimed at assessing LLDP protocol function and performance. The **class_lldp** test will emulate either Type-2 (PD Class 4) or Type-1 (PD Class 3) PD's and will produce the following measurements:

Test: class_lldp					
PSE_Source_Priority=	0	0	0	0	
PSE_MDI_Pwr_Sup=	1	1	1	1	•
PSE_LLDP_Time_2=	13.8	14	14.8	15.7	sec
PSE_LLDP_Type_2=	2	2	2	2	•
PSE_Echo_Time_2=	23.9	23.9	23.9	23.4	sec
PSE_Alloc_Pwr_2=	20.3	20.3	20.3	20.3	Watts
PSE_Alloc_Time_2=	23.9	23.9	23.9	23.4	sec
PD_Power_Adjust_2=	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.5	Watts
PSE_Adjust_Time_2=	11.9	11.3	11.9	11.9	sec

New class_lldp PSE Conformance Test

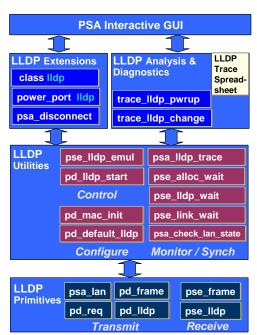
Test Parameter	Description
PSE_Source_Priority	Binary indication of Valid (=0) or Invalid (=1) PoE+ Source/Priority Field
PSE_MDI_Pwr_Sup	Binary indication of Valid (=0) or Invalid (=1) MDI Capabilities Field
PSE_LLDP_Time_n	Time from Power-Up until Receipt of First PoE LLDP Packet from PSE given Type "n" (1 or 2) mode PD Emulation
PSE_LLDP_Type_n	PSE Type Communicated in PoE+ Source/Priority Field given Type "n" (1 or 2) mode PD Emulation.
PSE_Echo_Time_n	Time for PSE to Echo PD Power Request given Type "n" (1 or 2) mode PD Emulation.
PSE_Alloc_Pwr_n	Power Allocated to PD at Startup given Type "n" (1 or 2) mode PD Emulation.
PSE_Alloc_Time_n	Time for PSE to Allocate PD Power Request given Type "n" (1 or 2) mode PD Emulation.
PD_Power_Adjust_n	Power Allocated to PD following a Power Adjustment Request to Maximum Power Allowed given Type "n" (1 or 2) mode PD Emulation.
PSE_Adjust_Time_n	Time for PSE to Echo PD Power (Adjustment) Request given Type "n" (1 or 2) mode PD Emulation.

In-Depth LLDP Emulation Control from PowerShell PSA

Using PowerShell PSA, even greater control of LLDP emulations and associated LLDP testing is made possible through a full set of PowerShell API commands. Received PSE packets may be analyzed for "raw" LLDP content. PD Request packets may be configured for various content including MAC address, TTL, and all PoE Plus fields including invalid power requests. PD Request packet timing relative to incoming PSE packets can be precisely controlled. *PSE LLDP* packets may be emulated as might be useful for script development or testing PD's.

PowerShell PSA LLDP commands are organized into primitives, utilities, LLDP command extensions, and LLDP trace diagnostics. The **primitives** provide test port level configurations and queries of LLDP resources on each test port. This includes link connection, emulated PD LLDP framing characteristics, PoE TLV values, packet transmission characteristics, PSE frame capture and buffer, TLV parsing, raw frame display, and frame counting. The **utilities** use primitives to perform higher level configurations or queries such as assigning default MAC addresses, waiting for link, waiting for Power Request echo, and waiting for Power Request allocation.

The command **extensions** involve LLDP conditional modifications to other PowerShell PSA commands such as **power_port** for PD LLDP power-up emulation. The LLDP **trace diagnostics** are the application layer commands that configure, capture, display in real time, and report LLDP protocol traces.



PSA LLDP Software Hierarchy

Technical Data: LLDP Emulation and Analysis

PD LLDP Emulation

Parameter	Value
LLDP Support	PSA-3102 Test Blade
	PSL-3102 Load Blade
Test Port Connections	"through" to OUT port or "connect" to LLDP Resources
LLDP Physical Layer	10BaseT
PD LLDP Framing Control per Test Port	MAC Address (any 12-character Hex String)
	LLDP Channel ID Type and Value: 4, MAC Address
	LLDP Port ID Type and Value: 3, MAC Address
	LLDP Time-To-Live: 1 – 65535 seconds
	VLAN Tagging:
	Enable / Disable, PCP (1-7), CFI (0-1), VID(0-4094)
PD PoE TLV per Test Port	MDI Capability Port Class: = PD
·	MDI Capability PSE Power Support: = 0
	MDI Capability Power State : = 0
	MDI Capability Pair Control : = 0
	MDI Capability Reserved: = 0
	PoE Plus Type: 1, 2, PSE Type 1, PSE Type 2
	PoE Plus Source: PSE, Local, Both, Unknown
	PoE Plus Priority: Low, High, Critical, Unknown
	PoE Plus Power Allocation Field: Echo PSE or Fixed Value
PD Request Transmission per Test Port	Requested Power: 1 – 30 Watts
	Transmit Period: 1 – 90 seconds
	Transmit Count: 0= transmit indefinitely, 1 – 64 packets
	PoE Plus Power Allocation Init: Initialize to Power Request
	MDI Power Class : 0 – 4
	Trigger Mode (PSA-3102 only): Immediate, Event, Rx Frame

PSE LLDP Frame Acquistion

Value	
LAN_NOT_CONNECTED, LINK_DOWN, IDLE, RUNNING	
Buffer Depth: 1 packet	
Receive Packet Count (since last 'clear')	
Allocated Power	
Power Type	
Power Source Priority	
Echoed Power Request	
Source MAC Address	
MDI Power (PD) Class	
MDI Power Support Field	
MDI PSE Powered Pair Field	
LLDP Destination Address	
Ethernet Type	
Chassis ID Type and Value	
Port ID Type and Value	
Time-To-Live VLAN State	
PCP, CFI, VID values if VLAN enabled	

Ordering Information

PSA-LLDP, LLDP Emulation and Analysis for PSA-3000, PSA-3002, PSA-3048, or PSA-1200+PSA-3102 Blades **PSL-LLDP**, LLDP Emulation and Analysis for PSL-3000, PSL-3024, or PSA-1200-PL with PSL-3102 Blades

Sifos Technologies, Inc. 1061 East Street Tewksbury, MA 01876 +1 (978) 640-4900 www.sifos.com sales@sifos.com

