

Platinum Unison Packs

PlayTheGroove's "Platinum Unison Pack" offers a new series of charts and teaching methods for any instrumentation from 3 to 15 or more players (rhythm-section based music).

These packs are perfect for those who want to offer their students a unified learning experience based on relevant and accessible music. They're a great choice for situations from focused rhythm section sessions, to mastering the song's style, or as motivation to help your group play better together.

You can use these packs for:

- Daily Rehearsals and Warm-ups
- School Events
- Concerts/Shows/Jam Sessions
- Music Competitions & Festivals
- Private Lessons
- Play-along Home Practice
- Home Schooling
- Auditions

The benefits of Platinum Unison Packs include:

- Flexible & Malleable
- Customizable for 3 to 15+ players
- Stronger Emphasis on Rhythm Section
- Creative Arrangement Options
- Varied Part Difficulty for mixed skill levels
- Educational Strategies to increase musician capability
- Original CD MP3 with count-off
- Melody Line for all instruments w/ chords above all measures
- Parts crafted to emphasize Melody, Harmony and Rhythm
- 3-tier '1-5 Degree of Challenge' in regards to Melody, Harmony and Rhythm
- Closely follow the CD tracks with definitive starts and endings.

Platinum Unison Chart Packs include:

Teacher Reference Elements & Guidelines:

- Abridged C-Score, formatted to 8 ½ X 11 landscape
- Full-Score with all parts including transposed unison line
- Suggested Variations to performing tune
- Methods of Introducing Songs to Class
- Site License for One School - (posting encouraged, but not school-sharing of files)
- Original CD-MP3 with count off

Musical Parts:

Horns/Woodwinds/Strings (Melody & Chords):

- C Treble Clef
- C Bass Clef
- Bb Instruments
- Eb Instruments
- F Instruments

Piano/Keyboards (all w/ Chords):

- Master Rhythm Part – Melody, Bass (Utilitarian C part, alt teacher score)
- Piano 1 - Emphasis on Melody
- Piano 2 - Emphasis on Chordal/Comping
- Keys - Auxiliary Parts for Strings, Organ or efx (not on all scores)

Vibes (all w/ Chords):

- Vibes 1 - Emphasis on Melody
- Vibes 2 - Emphasis on Chordal/Comping

Guitar (all w/ Chords and TAB):

- Guitar 1 - Emphasis on Melody
- Guitar 2 - Emphasis on Chordal/Comping
- Guitar 3 - Emphasis on Rhythmic Comping

Bass (all w/ Chords):

- Bass Clef Full Part
- Bass Clef Partial/Sketch (more challenging)

Drums/Percussion:

- Full Drum Part
- A Three-Part Percussion Part for all songs

We are in beta mode!

We welcome your comments and suggestions at:
ideas@playthegroove.com.

Questions:

Richard Frank,
818.514.4784
questions@playthegroove.com

Platinum Unison Pack

FULL SCORE

Questions:

Richard Frank,

818.514.4784

questions@playthegroove.com

PlayTheGroove puts a tremendous amount of detail to each and every part. While provided as a pdf, the full 11 X 17 master score is best viewed on screen, not printed.

The Abridged Unison Score (next page) is what you print for rehearsing a group. It's 8 measures wide, 8.5 x 11, landscape, represents the full master score, and is fewer pages.

This is a score example for **Escaping Gravity**, by Rodney Lee, and represents all of our scores and part breakout.

Song-specific teacher guidelines and "teach to" tips are included with a full download of the Platinum Unison Pack.

A

C C Part

B $\flat$ B $\flat$ part

E $\flat$ E $\flat$ part

F F part

B $\flat$ B $\flat$ Chd Part

Master Rhythm MR

Piano v1 Piano v1

Piano v2 Piano v2

Keys Keys (Stripped)

Guitar v1 Gtr v1

Guitar v2 Gtr v2

Guitar v3 Gtr v3

Vibes v1 Vib v1

Vibes v2 Vib v2

Bass v1 Bass v1

Bass v2 Bass v2

Drums D.S.

Perc 1 Trgl

Perc 2 Shaker

Perc 3 C.Dr.

5 6 7

Note: Piano, Guitar & Vibes 1 emphasize melody and are represented by the Master Rhythm part.

Abridged C-Score

Emphasizing Key, Melody, Harmony & Rhythm

2/7

composed by: Rodney Lee
playthegroove.com

Abridged C Score

Escaping Gravity

C transposed parts in Bb, Eb, F, & B:

Master Rhythm Utilitarian Reference,
Alt Leader Score, reps Piano /Guitar/Vibes v1

Piano v2 Chordal Comping

Keys	Ancillary Keyboard parts
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Guitar v2 Chordal Comping

Guitar v3 Rhythmic Comping

Vibes v2 Chordal Comping

Bass v1 the whole bass line, Bass v2 is sketch and chords (more challenging)

Drums full drum part

Conga 1 of 3 percussion parts

Coda

measures 5-12

Chords: Bbm7, Ema7/F#, Bbm7/A, Cbm7/B, Bbm7, Ema7/F#, Bbm7/A, Cbm7/B

Vocal line: Coda

Piano part: rhythmic pattern of eighth notes and sixteenth notes

Unison Horns - Any Instrument

C, Bb, Eb, F, $\mathbf{b}$ - Lead Charts

(BIG Letters and Signs)

A

All parts have chord symbols

C

Flute, Oboe, Violin, Piano, Guitar C Part

B $\flat$

Trumpet, Clarinet, Tenor & Soprano Bb part

E $\flat$

Alto & Bari Sax, Eb Horn Eb part

F

Horn F part

$\mathbf{b}$

Trombone, Cello, Bass, Tuba C Bb Clef Part

The musical score is for a unison horn part, labeled 'A'. It consists of five staves, each representing a different instrument or part. The staves are labeled on the left: C Part (Flute, Oboe, Violin, Piano, Guitar), Bb part (Trumpet, Clarinet, Tenor & Soprano), Eb part (Alto & Bari Sax, Eb Horn), F part (Horn), and C Bb Clef Part (Trombone, Cello, Bass, Tuba). Each staff has a key signature of two flats (Bb and Eb) and a common time signature (C). The music is written in a unison style, with all parts playing the same melody. Chord symbols are written above each staff: Bbm7 for the C part, Cmi7 for the Bb part, Gmi7 for the Eb part, Fmi7 for the F part, and Bbm7 for the C Bb Clef part. The first measure of each staff shows a whole note chord. The second measure shows a half note chord. The third measure shows a half note chord. The fourth measure shows a half note chord. The fifth measure shows a half note chord. The sixth measure shows a half note chord. The seventh measure shows a half note chord. The eighth measure shows a half note chord. The ninth measure shows a half note chord. The tenth measure shows a half note chord. The eleventh measure shows a half note chord. The twelfth measure shows a half note chord. The thirteenth measure shows a half note chord. The fourteenth measure shows a half note chord. The fifteenth measure shows a half note chord. The sixteenth measure shows a half note chord. The seventeenth measure shows a half note chord. The eighteenth measure shows a half note chord. The nineteenth measure shows a half note chord. The twentieth measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-first measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-second measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-third measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The twenty-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The thirtieth measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-first measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-second measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-third measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The thirty-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The fortieth measure shows a half note chord. The forty-first measure shows a half note chord. The forty-second measure shows a half note chord. The forty-third measure shows a half note chord. The forty-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The forty-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The forty-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The forty-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The forty-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The forty-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The fiftieth measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-first measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-second measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-third measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The fifty-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The sixtieth measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-first measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-second measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-third measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The sixty-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The seventieth measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-first measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-second measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-third measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The seventy-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The eightieth measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-first measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-second measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-third measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The eighty-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The ninetieth measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-first measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-second measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-third measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-fourth measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-fifth measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-sixth measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-seventh measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-eighth measure shows a half note chord. The ninety-ninth measure shows a half note chord. The hundredth measure shows a half note chord.

some tunes have chordal parts

Balance YOUR Sound - add or subtract 1, 2, & 3 part options as needed.

Master Rhythm, Piano 1, 2 & Keys

Master C Rhythm - Utilitarian:
Teacher Reference - Master Lead Chart

Piano 1 - Emphasizes Melody, rhythm,
chords (and sometimes) bass (most challenging)

Piano 2 - Emphasizes Comping with
sample voicings (less challenging)

Keys - Ancillary Effects (on some charts)



The musical score is written for four parts: MR (Basic), Pno. + V1, Pno. + V2, and Keys (Strings). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats) and the time signature is 4/4. The score is divided into two measures. The first measure contains a B-flat major 7th chord (Bbm7) in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The second measure contains an E minor 7th / F-sharp major 7th chord (Em7/F#) in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The Pno. + V1 part includes a melodic line in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The Pno. + V2 part includes a melodic line in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The Keys (Strings) part includes a melodic line in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand.

Guitar, Vibes & Bass

Guitar 1 - Melody w/ chords

Guitar 2 - Chordal Accompaniment

Guitar 3 - Rhythmic Accompaniment

Vibes 1 - Melody w/ chords

Vibes 2 - Chordal Accompaniment

Bass 1 - Full Bass Line

Bass 2 - Sketch and Chords

The musical score is arranged in six staves, grouped into three pairs. The top pair represents Guitar (Gtr.), the middle pair represents Vibes (Vib.), and the bottom pair represents Bass (Bass). Each staff is labeled with its instrument and part number (e.g., Gtr. + V1, Vib. + V2, Bass V1, Bass + V2). The score is written in 4/4 time with a key signature of one flat (Bb). The first measure of each staff shows a Bbm7 chord. The second measure shows an Em7/F# chord. The third measure shows a Bbm7/A chord. The Vibes part includes a 'Rhythmic Skittle' annotation in the second measure. The Bass part includes a 'skittle' annotation in the first measure. The score is divided into three measures by vertical bar lines.

PS: Yes, we know vibes belongs in the percussion family - just better here with harmony and melody options.

Drums & Percussion

Drums - Full Groove

Perc 1 - Varies

Perc 2 - Varies

Perc 3 - Varies

The musical score is written for four staves: D. S., Trgl., Shaker, and C. Dr. The D. S. staff features a continuous groove of eighth notes. The Trgl. staff has a few scattered notes. The Shaker staff has a steady eighth-note pattern. The C. Dr. staff has a more complex pattern with some rests. A green text box in the center of the score reads: "All percussion on one part - one player can alternate between parts". Below the C. Dr. staff, there are two large square boxes containing the numbers "5" and "6", indicating measure numbers.

Big Measure Numbers!

Sample 1st pages of charts included in the Platinum Unison Pack

C Instruments

UNISON LEAD CHART
C instruments

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. tacet 1st x

A

B^bmi⁷ Ema⁷/F[#] Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

B

B^bmi⁷ Ema⁷/F[#] Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

1st ending Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

2nd ending Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

C

E^{mi}11 E^{mi}11

E^{mi}11 E^{mi}11

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B^b Instruments

UNISON LEAD CHART
B^b instruments

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. tacet 1st x

A

B^bmi⁷ Ema⁷/F[#] Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

B

B^bmi⁷ Ema⁷/F[#] Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

1st ending Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

2nd ending

C

8

playthegroove.com

E Instruments

UNISON LEAD CHART E Instruments

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

1/2

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. tacet 1st x --

A G_{mi}^7 $C^{\sharp}ma^7/D^{\sharp}$ $G^{\sharp}mi^7/F^{\sharp}$ $A^{\sharp}mi^7/G^{\sharp}$

B G_{mi}^7 $C^{\sharp}ma^7/D^{\sharp}$ $G^{\sharp}mi^7/F^{\sharp}$ $A^{\sharp}mi^7/G^{\sharp}$

C G_{mi}^7 $C^{\sharp}ma^7/D^{\sharp}$ $G^{\sharp}mi^7/F^{\sharp}$ $A^{\sharp}mi^7/G^{\sharp}$

2nd ending

2 (21-22)

8 (23-30)

playthegroove.com

F Instruments

UNISON LEAD CHART F Instruments

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

1/2

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. tacet 1st x

A F_{mi}^7 $Bma^7/C^{\sharp}$ $F^{\sharp}mi^7/E$ $G^{\sharp}mi^7/F^{\sharp}$

B F_{mi}^7 $Bma^7/C^{\sharp}$ $F^{\sharp}mi^7/E$ $G^{\sharp}mi^7/F^{\sharp}$

C F_{mi}^7 $Bma^7/C^{\sharp}$ $F^{\sharp}mi^7/E$ $G^{\sharp}mi^7/F^{\sharp}$

2nd ending

2 (21-22)

8 (23-30)

playthegroove.com

C Bass Clef Instruments

UNISON LEAD CHART

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. *tacet 1st x*

A

mf

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[#] Bmi7/A C[#]mi7/B

B

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[#] Bmi7/A C[#]mi7/B

1st ending
Bmi7/A C[#]mi7/B

2nd ending

C

2

8

(21-22) (23-30)

Master Rhythm

UNISON LEAD CHART

Master Rhythm

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee
arr: Raymond Brown

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

Drum p/up - - - - -

4x's • twice on D.S.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

to Coda

musical notation: piano, 4/4 time, key of B-flat major, measures 1-12, including dynamics (p, mf, mp), articulation (accents), and repeat signs.

Piano v1

UNISON LEAD CHART Piano v1

1/3

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica

♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. tacet 1st x - - -

A

Piano v2

UNISON LEAD CHART Piano v2

1/3

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica

♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S.

A

to Coda

Piano v3

UNISON LEAD CHART Keys

1/2

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica

♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. 4 (1-4)

A

B

2nd ending Bbm7/A C#mi7/B

C

2 (25-26) 2 (29-30)

Guitar v1

UNISON LEAD CHART
Guitar v1

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S. tacet 1st x r -

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[♯] Bmi7/A C[♯]mi7/B

A

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[♯] Bmi7/A

Guitar v2

UNISON LEAD CHART
Guitar v2

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S.

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[♯] Bmi7/A C[♯]mi7/B

A

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[♯] Bmi7/A C[♯]mi7/B to Coda

Guitar v3

UNISON LEAD CHART
Guitar v3

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S.

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[♯] Bmi7/A C[♯]mi7/B

A

B^bmi7 Ema7/F[♯] Bmi7/A C[♯]mi7/B to Coda

Vibes 1 & 2

UNISON LEAD CHART Vibes 1 & 2

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

1/3

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S.

Measures 1-4: *f* B^bmi⁷ Ema⁷/F[#] Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

Measures 5-8: *mf* B^bmi⁷ Ema⁷/F[#] Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

Measures 9-12: *mp* B^bmi⁷ Ema⁷/F[#] Bmi⁷/A C[#]mi⁷/B

to Coda

Bass v1

UNISON LEAD CHART Bass v1

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

1/2

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S.

tacet 1st & 2nd x's

1 2 3 4

f B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

[A] *mf* B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

5 6 7 8

B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$ to Coda

9 10 11 12

[B] B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

13 14 15 16

B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

17 18 19 20

2nd ending

$Bmi7/A$

21 22

[C] E_{mi7} "light fills & harmonics"

mp 23 24 25 26

E_{mi7}

27 28 29 30

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Bass v2

UNISON LEAD CHART Bass v2

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

1/2

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S.

tacet 1st & 2nd x's

1 2 3 4

f B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

[A] *mf* B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

5 6 7 8

B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$ to Coda

9 10 11 12

[B] B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

13 14 15 16

B^b_{mi7} $Ema7/F^\sharp$ $Bmi7/A$ $C^\sharp_{mi7}/B$

17 18 19 20

2nd ending

$Bmi7/A$

21 22

[C] E_{mi7}

mp 23 24 25 26

E_{mi7}

27 28 29 30

playthegroove.com

Drums

UNISON LEAD CHART Drums

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

1/2

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

Drum p/up

4x's • twice on D.S.

Drum notation for 'escaping gravity'. The chart is in 4/4 time with a tempo of 120 BPM. It features a variety of rhythmic patterns including eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and triplets. The notation includes dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *mp* (mezzo-piano). The chart is divided into sections labeled A, B, and C. Section A includes a '4x's • twice on D.S.' instruction. Section B includes a '1st ending' and a '2nd ending'. Section C includes a 'fill' instruction. The chart concludes with a 'to Coda' instruction.

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Percussion

UNISON LEAD CHART Percussion All

escaping gravity

written by: Rodney Lee

1/4

Jazz Electronica
♩ = 120

4x's • twice on D.S.

Percussion notation for 'escaping gravity'. The chart is in 4/4 time with a tempo of 120 BPM. It features rhythmic patterns for Triangle, Shaker, and Conga. The notation includes dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The chart is divided into sections labeled A and B. Section A includes a '4x's • twice on D.S.' instruction. Section B includes a 'to Coda' instruction. The chart concludes with a 'to Coda' instruction.

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