



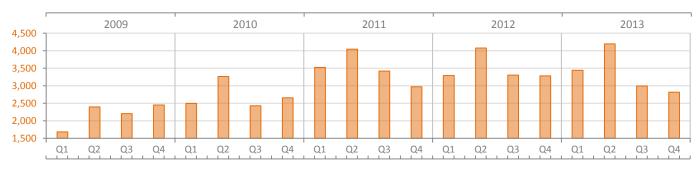
Summary Statistics	Q4 2013	Q4 2012	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	2,817	3,284	-14.2%
Paid in Cash	2,078	2,608	-20.3%
New Pending Sales	3,484	4,470	-22.1%
New Listings	5,279	5,040	4.7%
Median Sale Price	\$120,000	\$94,000	27.7%
Average Sale Price	\$201,352	\$179,128	12.4%
Median Days on Market	50	81	-38.3%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	92.6%	91.6%	1.1%
Pending Inventory	2,414	(No Data)	N/A
Inventory (Active Listings)	6,091	7,054	-13.7%
Months Supply of Inventory	5.4	6.1	-10.4%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of quarter-to-quarter comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Quarter	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	2,817	-14.2%
Q3 2013	2,996	-9.3%
Q2 2013	4,196	2.9%
Q1 2013	3,440	4.6%
Q4 2012	3,284	10.5%
Q3 2012	3,304	-3.3%
Q2 2012	4,076	0.7%
Q1 2012	3,289	-6.7%
Q4 2011	2,973	11.9%
Q3 2011	3,417	40.7%
Q2 2011	4,047	24.1%
Q1 2011	3,524	41.1%
Q4 2010	2,658	8.4%



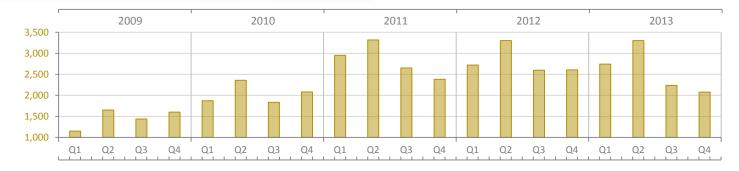


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the quarter in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Quarter	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	2,078	-20.3%
Q3 2013	2,237	-14.0%
Q2 2013	3,303	-0.1%
Q1 2013	2,742	0.8%
Q4 2012	2,608	9.4%
Q3 2012	2,600	-2.0%
Q2 2012	3,305	-0.4%
Q1 2012	2,720	-7.9%
Q4 2011	2,384	14.6%
Q3 2011	2,653	44.6%
Q2 2011	3,319	40.8%
Q1 2011	2,954	57.9%
Q4 2010	2,080	29.9%



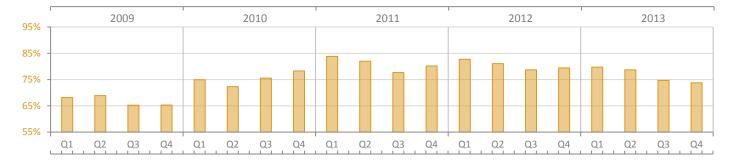
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the quarter which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Quarter	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	73.8%	-7.1%
Q3 2013	74.7%	-5.1%
Q2 2013	78.7%	-2.9%
Q1 2013	79.7%	-3.6%
Q4 2012	79.4%	-1.0%
Q3 2012	78.7%	1.4%
Q2 2012	81.1%	-1.1%
Q1 2012	82.7%	-1.3%
Q4 2011	80.2%	2.5%
Q3 2011	77.6%	2.8%
Q2 2011	82.0%	13.5%
Q1 2011	83.8%	11.9%
Q4 2010	78.3%	19.8%





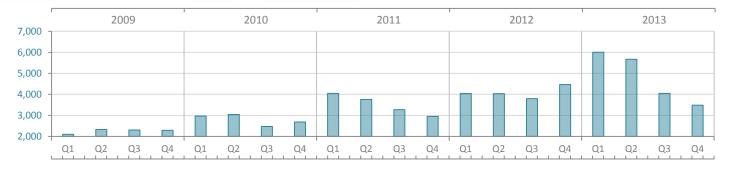


New Pending Sales

The number of property listings that went from "Active" to "Pending" status during the quarter

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Quarter	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	3,484	-22.1%
Q3 2013	4,047	6.6%
Q2 2013	5,667	40.5%
Q1 2013	6,005	48.5%
Q4 2012	4,470	51.3%
Q3 2012	3,795	16.0%
Q2 2012	4,034	7.3%
Q1 2012	4,044	-0.2%
Q4 2011	2,954	10.0%
Q3 2011	3,272	32.1%
Q2 2011	3,760	23.4%
Q1 2011	4,053	36.6%
Q4 2010	2,686	17.2%

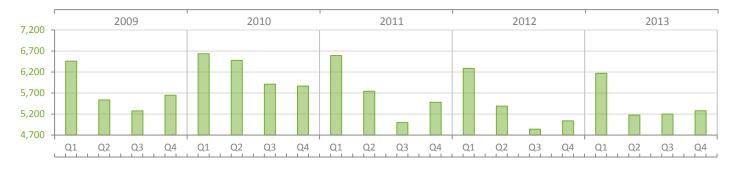


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a *lagging* indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Quarter	New Listings	Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	5,279	4.7%
Q3 2013	5,201	7.5%
Q2 2013	5,177	-3.9%
Q1 2013	6,171	-1.8%
Q4 2012	5,040	-8.0%
Q3 2012	4,840	-3.1%
Q2 2012	5,389	-6.2%
Q1 2012	6,287	-4.6%
Q4 2011	5,481	-6.5%
Q3 2011	4,996	-15.5%
Q2 2011	5,744	-11.3%
Q1 2011	6,592	-0.6%
Q4 2010	5,865	3.9%



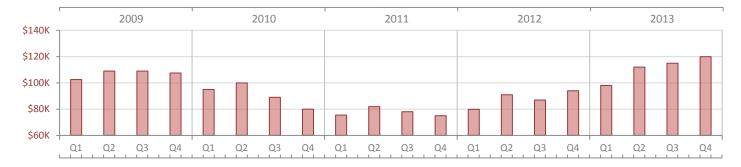


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area.

Quarter	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	\$120,000	27.7%
Q3 2013	\$115,000	32.2%
Q2 2013	\$112,000	23.1%
Q1 2013	\$97,995	22.6%
Q4 2012	\$94,000	25.3%
Q3 2012	\$87,000	11.5%
Q2 2012	\$91,000	11.0%
Q1 2012	\$79,900	5.8%
Q4 2011	\$75,000	-6.3%
Q3 2011	\$78,000	-12.4%
Q2 2011	\$82,000	-18.0%
Q1 2011	\$75,500	-20.5%
Q4 2010	\$80,000	-25.6%



Average Sale Price

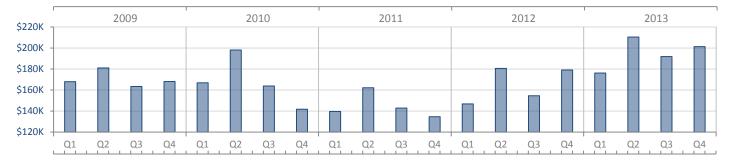
The average sale price reported for the quarter (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Quarter	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	\$201,352	12.4%
Q3 2013	\$191,926	24.1%
Q2 2013	\$210,528	16.6%
Q1 2013	\$176,281	20.1%
Q4 2012	\$179,128	33.0%
Q3 2012	\$154,657	8.3%
Q2 2012	\$180,593	11.3%
Q1 2012	\$146,815	5.1%
Q4 2011	\$134,723	-4.9%
Q3 2011	\$142,845	-12.8%
Q2 2011	\$162,196	-18.1%
Q1 2011	\$139,632	-16.3%
Q4 2010	\$141,733	-15.7%



Median Sale Price





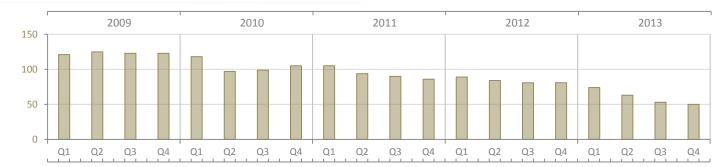
Median Days on Market

The median number of days that properties sold during the quarter were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this quarter was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this quarter took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Quarter	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	50	-38.3%
Q3 2013	53	-34.6%
Q2 2013	63	-25.0%
Q1 2013	74	-16.9%
Q4 2012	81	-5.8%
Q3 2012	81	-10.0%
Q2 2012	84	-10.6%
Q1 2012	89	-15.2%
Q4 2011	86	-18.1%
Q3 2011	90	-9.1%
Q2 2011	94	-3.1%
Q1 2011	105	-11.0%
Q4 2010	105	-14.6%



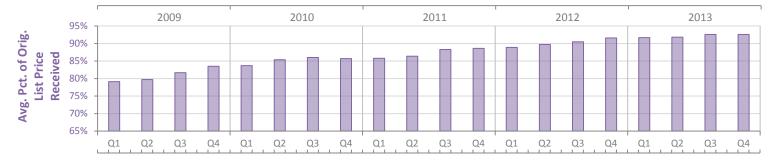


Average Percent of Original List Price Received

The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the quarter

Economists' note: The Average Percent of Original List Price Received is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another *lagging* indicator.

Quarter	Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	92.6%	1.1%
Q3 2013	92.6%	2.3%
Q2 2013	91.8%	2.3%
Q1 2013	91.7%	3.1%
Q4 2012	91.6%	3.4%
Q3 2012	90.5%	2.5%
Q2 2012	89.7%	3.8%
Q1 2012	88.9%	3.6%
Q4 2011	88.6%	3.4%
Q3 2011	88.3%	2.7%
Q2 2011	86.4%	1.2%
Q1 2011	85.8%	2.5%
Q4 2010	85.7%	2.6%



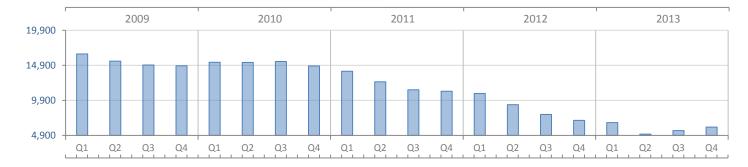


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year.

Quarter	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	6,091	-13.7%
Q3 2013	5,600	-29.0%
Q2 2013	5,082	-45.4%
Q1 2013	6,730	-38.1%
Q4 2012	7,054	-37.0%
Q3 2012	7,886	-31.0%
Q2 2012	9,300	-25.9%
Q1 2012	10,878	-22.6%
Q4 2011	11,199	-24.5%
Q3 2011	11,421	-26.1%
Q2 2011	12,554	-18.0%
Q1 2011	14,054	-8.4%
Q4 2010	14,825	-0.1%



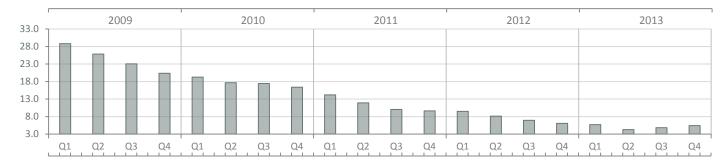
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers a sellers' market.

Quarter	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Q4 2013	5.4	-10.4%
Q3 2013	4.8	-30.4%
Q2 2013	4.3	-47.2%
Q1 2013	5.7	-39.8%
Q4 2012	6.1	-37.0%
Q3 2012	6.9	-30.9%
Q2 2012	8.1	-31.8%
Q1 2012	9.5	-33.0%
Q4 2011	9.6	-41.3%
Q3 2011	10.0	-42.4%
Q2 2011	11.9	-32.6%
Q1 2011	14.2	-26.3%
Q4 2010	16.4	-19.5%





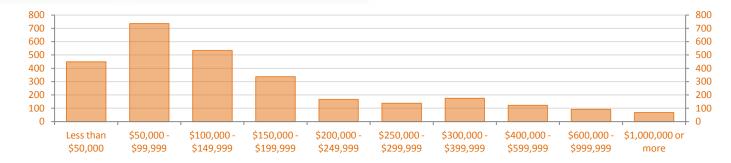


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the quarter

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of quarter-to-quarter comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	449	-30.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	736	-31.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	534	-1.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	337	-4.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	166	1.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	138	17.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	175	30.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	122	20.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	92	-5.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	68	17.2%

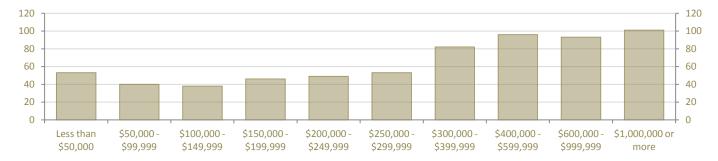


Median Days on Market by Sale Price The median number of days that properties sold during the guarter were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this quarter was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this quarter took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	53	-36.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	40	-36.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	38	-46.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	46	-51.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	49	-56.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	53	-44.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	82	-22.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	96	-31.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	93	-47.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	101	-51.9%







New Listings by Initial Listing Price
The number of properties put onto the market during the quarter

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

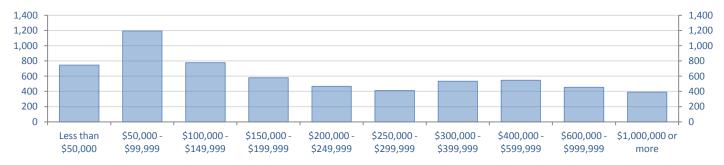
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	691	-23.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1,319	-10.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	913	26.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	583	15.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	384	40.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	309	24.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	340	21.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	303	11.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	239	18.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	198	25.3%



Inventory by Current Listing Price
The number of property listings active at the end of the quarter

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the quarter, and hold this number to compare with the same quarter the following year.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	745	-29.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1,193	-17.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	776	-7.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	579	-11.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	465	0.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	411	-2.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	533	-15.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	545	-12.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	454	-12.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	390	-5.6%



40%



