Seller Concession: Owner Occupied example (1).

|                 | Fannie/ | FHA | VA  | USDA       |
|-----------------|---------|-----|-----|------------|
|                 | Freddie | 6%  | 4%  | Unlimited* |
|                 |         |     |     |            |
|                 |         |     |     |            |
| Loan-to-Value:  |         |     |     |            |
| 90.01%=>        | 3%      |     |     |            |
| 75.01 or 90.00% | 6%      |     |     |            |
| 75.00% <=       | 9%      |     |     |            |
| Non-O.O.        | 2% Max. | N/A | N/A | N/A        |

(1) - Seller concessions = cash paid by the seller to the buyer to make the cash to close for the buyer far less.

\* - Unlimited means that all closing costs, prepaids, inspections, appraisals may be paid by the seller.

## **Simple Seller Concession Example:**

**American Dream** 

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Purchase Price is \$100k. Seller provides 3% seller concessions. Buyer receives \$3,000 credit towards closing costs and prepaids (escrows) at time of closing/purchase. If the property appraises for the purchase price, the buyer and seller have a deal.

Why would a seller want to pay for buyer costs? Answer: Seller should net the same sales price -

so the seller is providing a liquidity (cash savings) incentive to the buyer - and makes

the sale more attractive.

Why would a buyer want to have the seller pay closing costs? Answer:

Saves cash for the buyer. In the USDA example, buyers may

move into the home with no cash out of pocket.